

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/796,451	03/09/2004	Adnan Badwan	85943.8276	2422
22242 7590 10/04/2007 FITCH EVEN TABIN AND FLANNERY 120 SOUTH LA SALLE STREET SUITE 1600 CHICAGO, IL 60603-3406			EXAMINER	
			MAHYERA, TRISTAN J	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			4173	
	•		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/04/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

a. T		
	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/796,451	BADWAN ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Tristan J. Mahyera	1609
The MAILING DATE of this communica Period for Reply	tion appears on the cover sheet with	h the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAIL - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 3 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communic - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statuto - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	LING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC 7 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a rejutation. In properties of the properties of th	ATION. Day be timely filed HS from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
3) Since this application is in condition for	☐ This action is non-final. allowance except for formal matte	
closed in accordance with the practice	under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D.	11, 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 1-15 is/are pending in the app 4a) Of the above claim(s) 14 and 15 is/a 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-13 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction	are withdrawn from consideration.	•
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the E 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by	accepted or b) objected to by n to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance correction is required if the drawing(s)	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
	cuments have been received. cuments have been received in Apphe priority documents have been re Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	plication No eceived in this National Stage
Attachment(s)	•	
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 07/12/2004. 	948) Paper No(s)/	mmary (PTO-413) Mail Date ormal Patent Application

Application/Control Number: 10/796,451 Page 2

Art Unit: 1609

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election of Group I in the reply filed on 08/07/2007 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)).

- 2. Claims 14 and 15 withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim.
- 3. Claims 1 13 are examined on the merits.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 5. Claims 1 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 6. Regarding claim 1, the phrase "such as" renders the claim indefinite because it is unclear whether the limitations following the phrase are the only part of the claimed invention. See MPEP § 2173.05(d). The phrase "consisting of...inorganic acids such as..." and the phrase "consisting of...organic acids such as..." is not defined by the

Application/Control Number: 10/796,451

Art Unit: 1609

claim nor does the specification provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite meets and bounds, thus one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention. The phrase "such as" typically indicates only the following specific compounds. However, the phrase "consisting of...inorganic acids" or "consisting of...organic acids" is open to the full genus of inorganic or organic acids. The phrase "consisting of...inorganic acids" or "consisting of...organic acids" is controverted by the term "such as" which implies only the following list of acids is permitted. Further, the extent of variance permitted by "such as" is unclear in the

context. Thus the interpretation of the phrase "such as" in this context is unclear.

Page 3

Regarding claim 8, the phrase "at least about 65% of norfloxacin" renders the claim indefinite because it simultaneously claims two different ranges. The phrase "at least about 65%" is not defined by the claim nor does the specification provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite meets and bounds, thus one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention. The phrase "at least" typically indicates a minimum point. However, the phrase "at least" is controverted by the term "about" which implies that values above and below 65% norfloxacin are permitted. Further, the extent of variance permitted by "about" is unclear in the context. Thus the interpretation of the phrase "at least" in this context is unclear as no definitive minimum can be defined.

Application/Control Number: 10/796,451 Page 4

Art Unit: 1609

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

8. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that

form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United

States.

9. Claims 1, 3-9 and 11-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being

anticipated by KATDARE et al. (US 4,639,458).

10. KATDARE discloses a direct compression quinoline carboxylic acid tablet

utilizing non-hydrated quinoline carboxylic acid. See col 1 lines 1-5. The tablet in

KATDARE comprises norfloxacin and minimal amounts of other processing aids with no

water added. See col 1 lines 58-60. The tablet formulation contains less than 2%

water, see col 2 line 20. The processing aids include a disintegrant, a filler/binder and a

lubricant See col 1 lines 53-63. Specifically, the filler is microcrystalline cellulose (13-

18.5%) the lubricant is magnesium stearate (0.5-2%) and the disintegrant is

croscarmellose sodium (1-4.5%). The tablet can be coated by conventional means, see

col 1 lines 64-66.

11. Instant Claims 1, 3-9 and 11-13 require a quinoline carboxylic acid and either an

inorganic or organic acid. The instant claims do not prohibit the active from being its

own acid. Therefore, norfloxacin, which is both a quinoline carboxylic acid and an

organic acid, anticipates the instant claims.

Application/Control Number: 10/796,451 Page 5

Art Unit: 1609

12. Claims 1, 3-9 and 11-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by ANZAGHI et al. (WO 02/39992).

- 13. ANZAGHI discloses quinolonic antibacterial agents for use in oral pharmaceutical compositions. The quinolonic antibacterial agents are between 40 and 80% by weight of the total adduct. See claims 1 and 4. The quinolonic agent adduct can be filtered, spraydried giving a powder form and with the addition of suitable excipients used as granules or tablets. See example 1, claim 16 and claim 17. The quinolonic agent can further be norfloxacin, see claim 7 and example 1. In example 1, ANZAGHI also combines the quinolone agent with an inorganic acid, hydrochloric acid.
- 14. Therefore, instant claims 1, 3-9 and 11-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 15. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 16. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.

Art Unit: 1609

- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 17. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 18. Claims 2 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over KATDARE et al. (US 4,639,458) in view of STORM et al. (US 7,250,176).
- 19. KATDARE is described above. KATDARE does not describe the use of anhydrous citric acid as a stabilizer or the use of sodium starch glycollate as a disintegrant. However, KATDARE does suggest or motivate the use of processing aids, see col 3 lines 58-60.
- 20. STORM describes using a high dose of amoxicillin in a tablet form to treat bacterial infections. STORM also describes an immediate release form consisting of a coating or bilayer and a core formed by wet or dry granulation. The immediate release layer is described as a disintegrant and specifically contains sodium starch glycollate. See col 12 lines 48-63, example 1, 4 and 5. Anhydrous citric acid is disclosed in claims 23, 37, 106, 131 for use in tablet formulations, for example granules, see example 5.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to someone of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the instant invention to practice the disintegrant and organic acid of STORM with the antibacterial agent of KATDARE, resulting in the practice of the instantly claimed invention with a reasonable expectation of success.

Conclusion

No claims are allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tristan J. Mahyera whose telephone number is 571-270-1562. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday 9am-4pm EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ardin H. Marschel can be reached on 571-272-0718. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a

Application/Control Number: 10/796,451

Art Unit: 1609

Page 8

USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/TJM/

Openie A. Teang